

IGBT

IGBT with integrated diode in packages offering space saving advantage

IKD06N60RA

600V TRENCHSTOP™ RC-Series for hard switching applications

Data sheet

Industrial Power Control

IGBT with integrated diode in packages offering space saving advantage

Features:

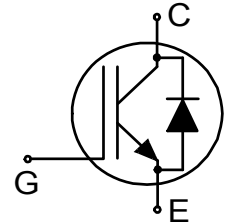
TRENCHSTOP™ Reverse Conducting (RC) technology for 600V applications offering

- Optimised V_{CEsat} and V_F for low conduction losses
- Smooth switching performance leading to low EMI levels
- Very tight parameter distribution
- Operating range of 1 to 20kHz
- Maximum junction temperature 175°C
- Short circuit capability of 5µs
- Best in class current versus package size performance
- Qualified according to AECQ101
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant (for PG-TO252: solder temperature 260°C, MSL1)

Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models:
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Applications:

- HID lighting
- Piezo injection



Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CEsat}, T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$	T_{vjmax}	Marking	Package
IKD06N60RA	600V	6A	1.65V	175°C	K06R60A	PG-TO252-3



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Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_C	12.0 6.0	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Cpuls}	18.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	18.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_F	12.0 6.0	A
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Fpuls}	18.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time $V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}$ Allowed number of short circuits < 1000 Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	t_{SC}	5	μs
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	100.0	W
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, reflow soldering (MSL1 according to JEDEC J-STA-020)		260	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, ¹⁾ junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		1.50	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, ²⁾ junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		3.60	K/W
Thermal resistance, min. footprint junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		75	K/W
Thermal resistance, 6cm ² Cu on PCB junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		50	K/W

¹⁾ Rth/Zth based on single cooling pulse. Please be aware that a correct Rth measurement of the IGBT, is not possible using a thermocouple.

²⁾ Rth/Zth based on single cooling pulse. Please be aware that a correct Rth measurement of the Diode, is not possible using a thermocouple.

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 0.20\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}, I_C = 6.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	- -	1.65 1.85	2.10 -	V
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_F = 6.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	- -	1.70 1.70	2.10 -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 0.11\text{mA}, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	4.3	5.0	5.7	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	- -	- -	40.0 1000.0	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0\text{V}, V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_C = 6.0\text{A}$	-	3.4	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	r_G			none		Ω

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	470	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		-	24	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}		-	14	-	
Gate charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 480\text{V}, I_C = 6.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	-	48.0	-	nC
Short circuit collector current Max. 1000 short circuits Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V},$ $t_{SC} \leq 5\mu\text{s}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	46	-	A

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 6.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $r_G = 23.0\Omega, L\sigma = 60\text{nH},$ $C\sigma = 40\text{pF}$ $L\sigma, C\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	7	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	127	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	152	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.11	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.22	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.33	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 6.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	68	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.37	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	12.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-211	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(\text{on})}$	$T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 6.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $r_G = 23.0\Omega, L\sigma = 60\text{nH},$ $C\sigma = 40\text{pF}$ $L\sigma, C\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	10	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$		-	164	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	171	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.20	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.36	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.56	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_R = 400\text{V},$ $I_F = 6.0\text{A},$ $di_F/dt = 800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	74	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.80	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	17.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-237	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

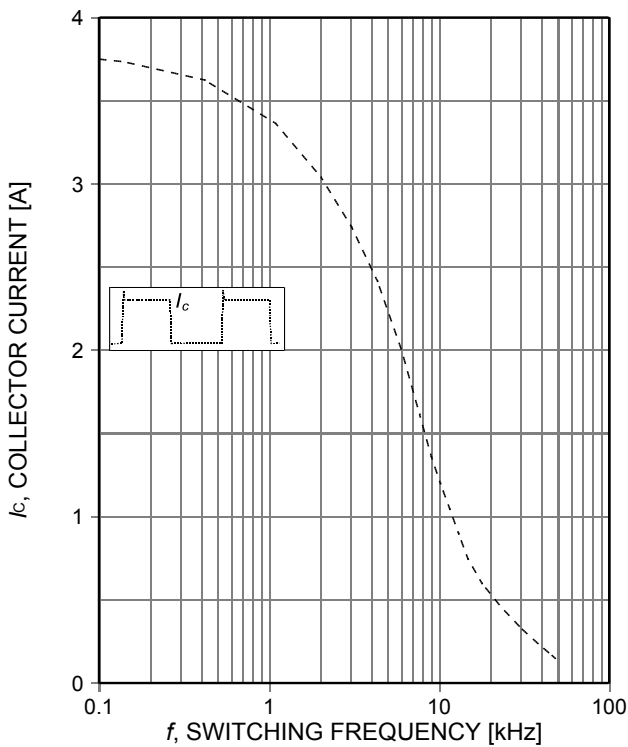


Figure 1. **Collector current as a function of switching frequency**
 ($T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $T_a = 55^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 15/0\text{V}$, $r_G = 23\Omega$, PCB mounting, 6cm^2
 Cu, $P_{tot} = 2,4\text{W}$)

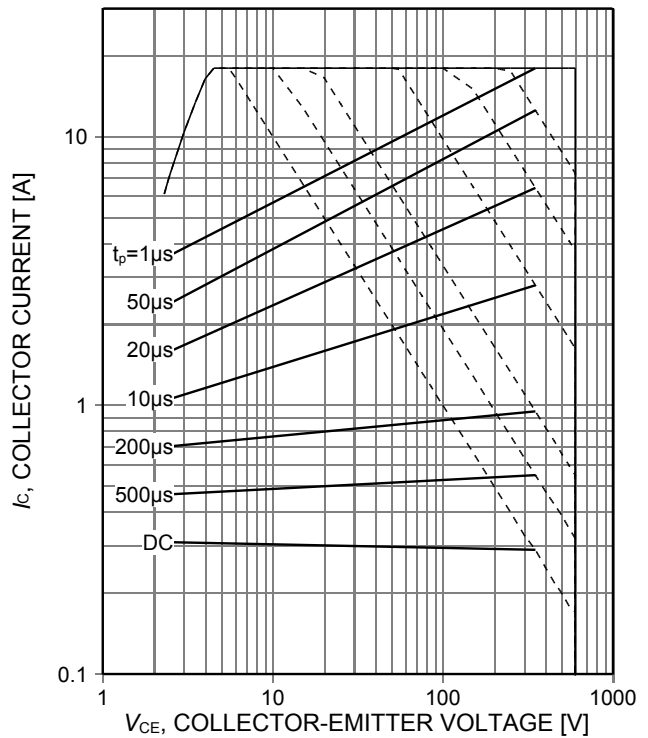


Figure 2. **Forward bias safe operating area**
 ($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

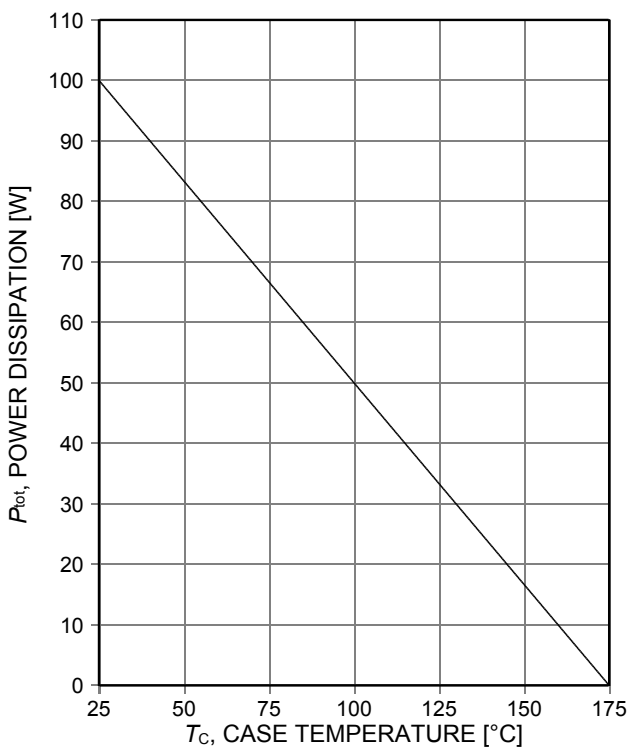


Figure 3. **Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**
 ($T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

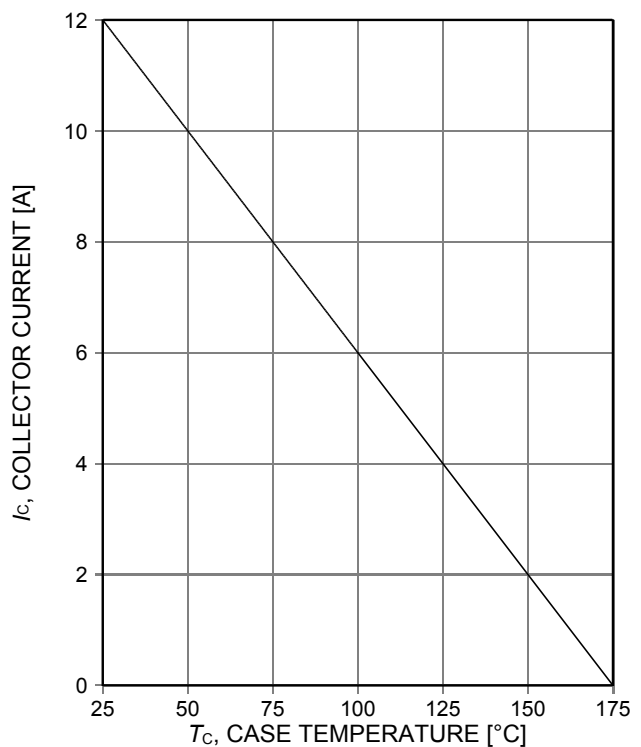


Figure 4. **Collector current as a function of case temperature**
 ($V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

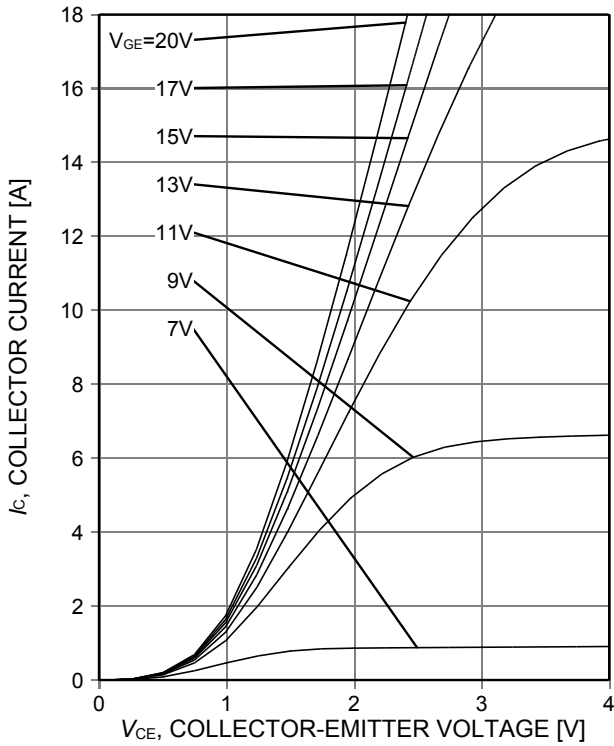


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic ($T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

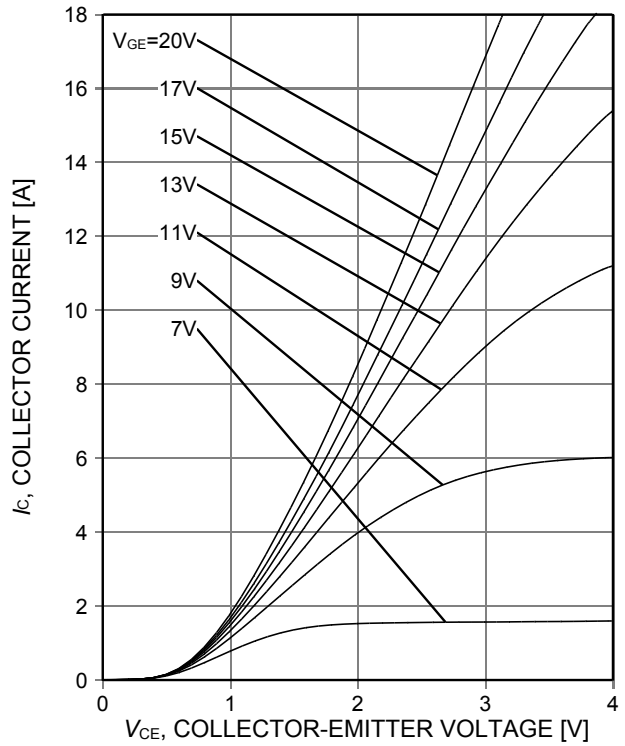


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic ($T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

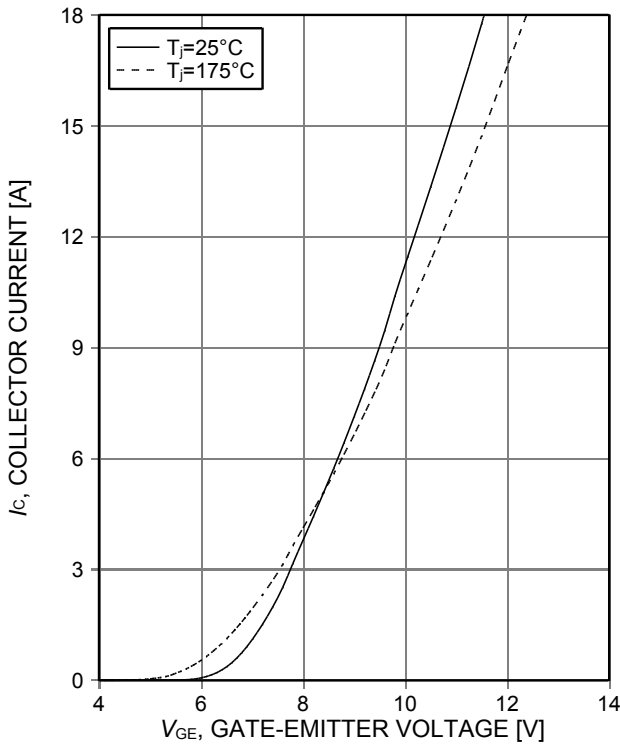


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic ($V_{ce}=10\text{V}$)

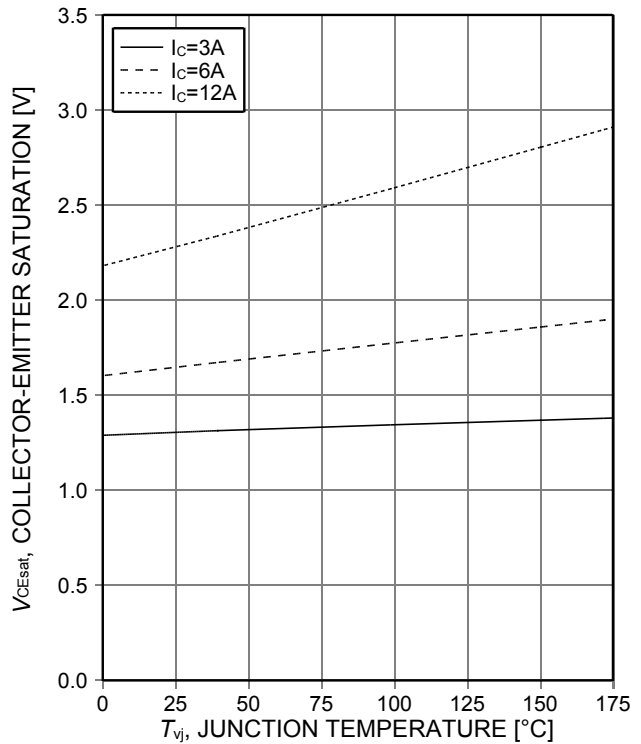


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature ($V_{ge}=15\text{V}$)

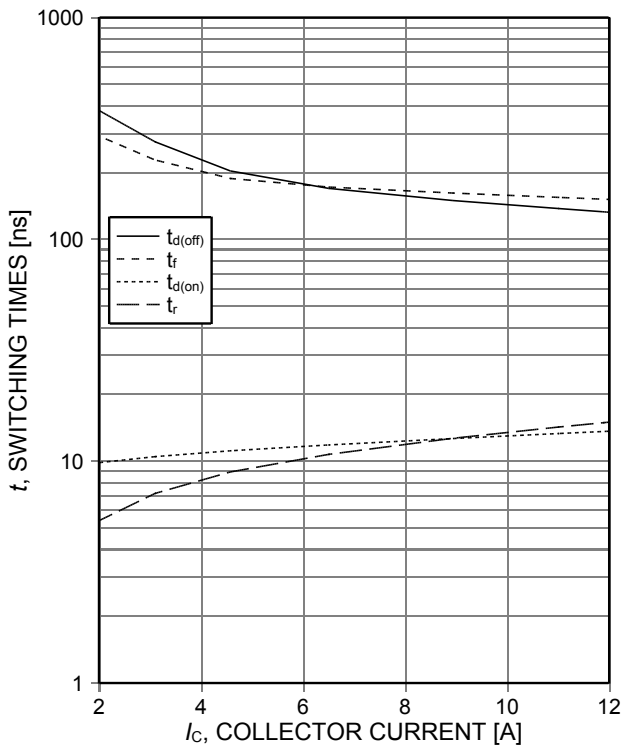


Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $r_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

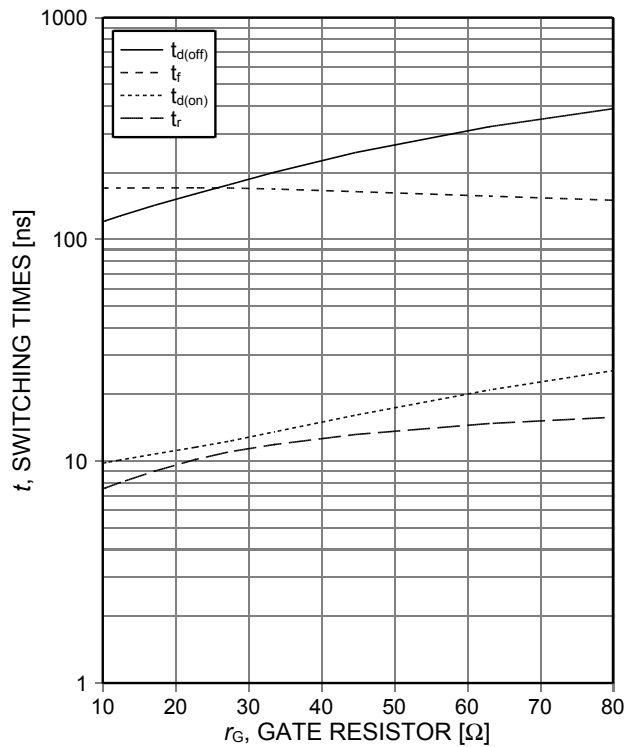


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=6\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

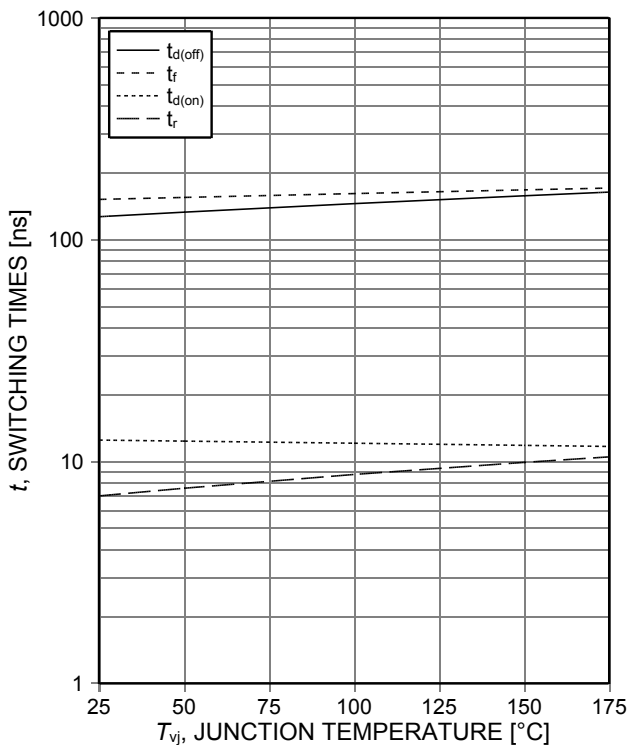


Figure 11. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=6\text{A}$, $r_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

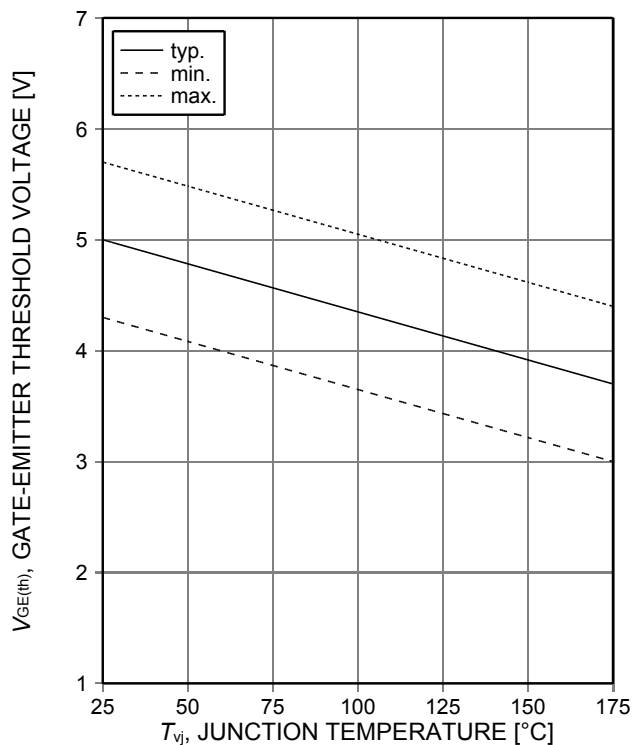


Figure 12. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**
 ($I_C=0.11\text{mA}$)

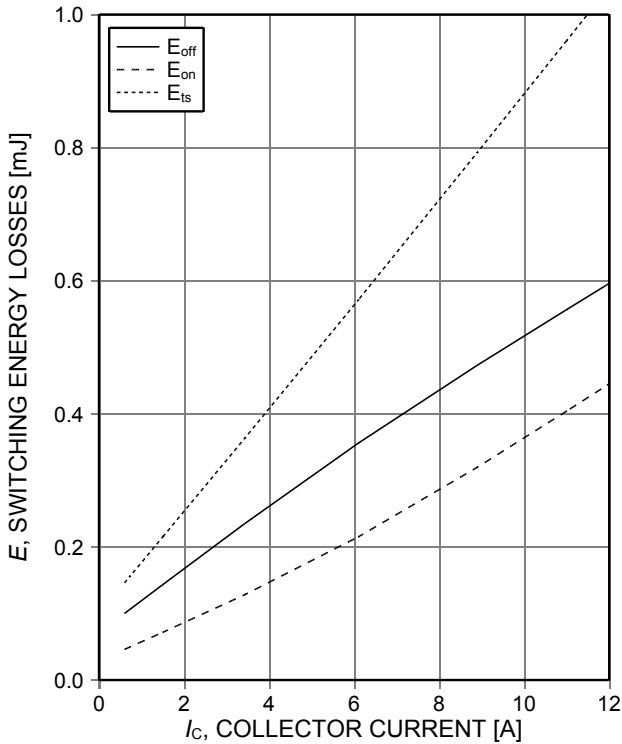


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $r_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

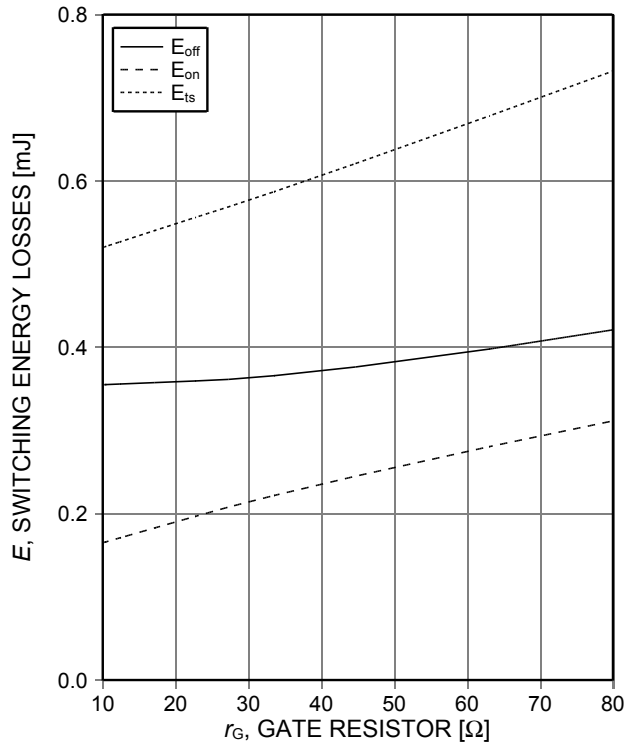


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=6\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

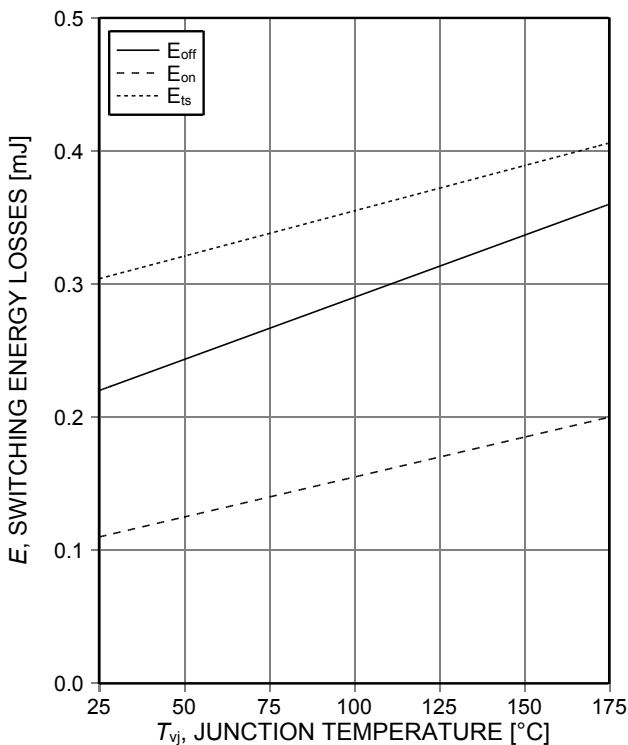


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=6\text{A}$, $r_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

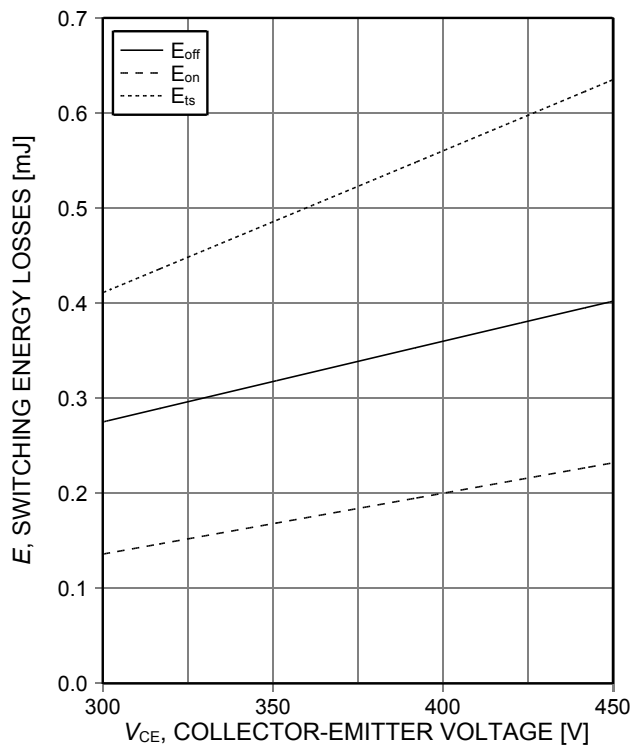


Figure 16. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_C=6\text{A}$, $r_G=23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

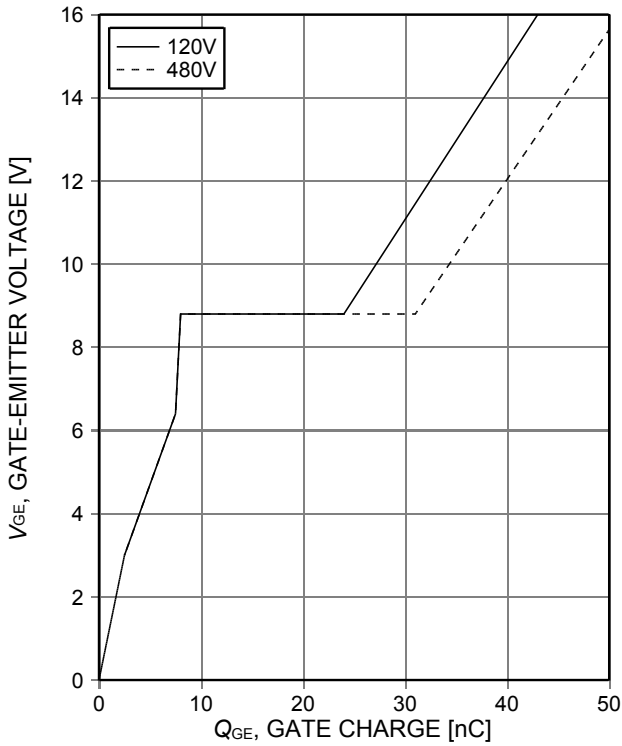


Figure 17. **Typical gate charge**
($I_C=6A$)

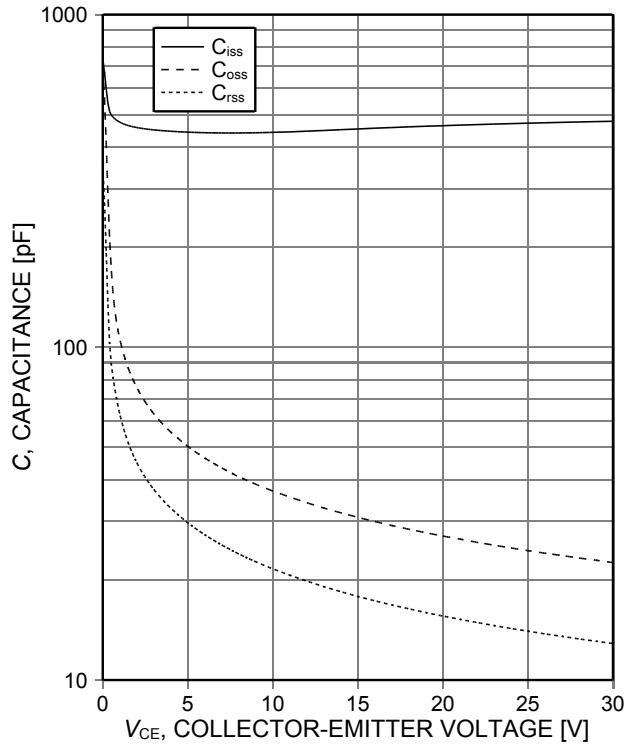


Figure 18. **Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
($V_{GE}=0V$, $f=1MHz$)

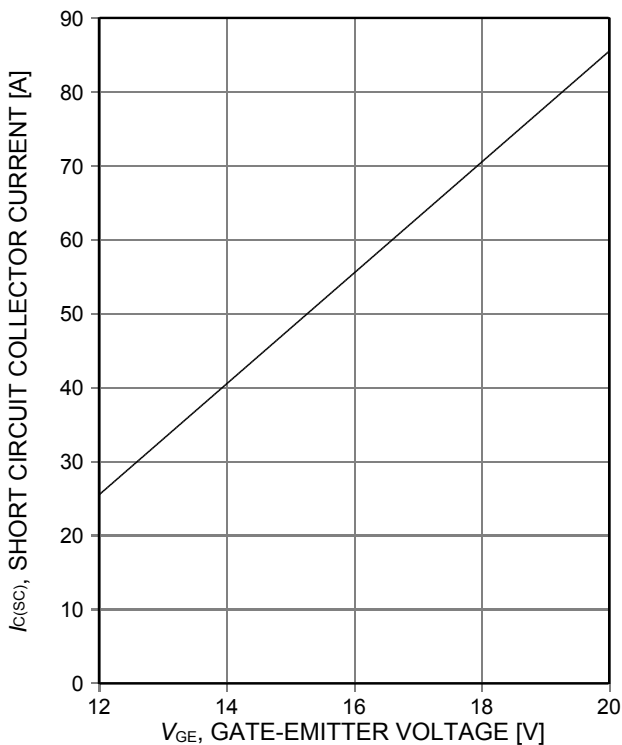


Figure 19. **Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**
($V_{CE}\leq 400V$, start at $T_{vj}=25^\circ C$)

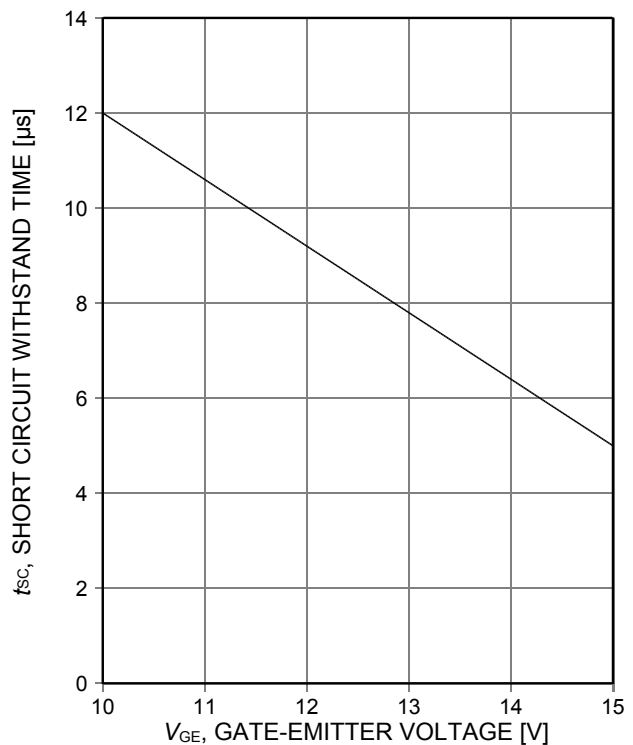


Figure 20. **Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**
($V_{CE}\leq 400V$, start at $T_{vj}\leq 150^\circ C$)

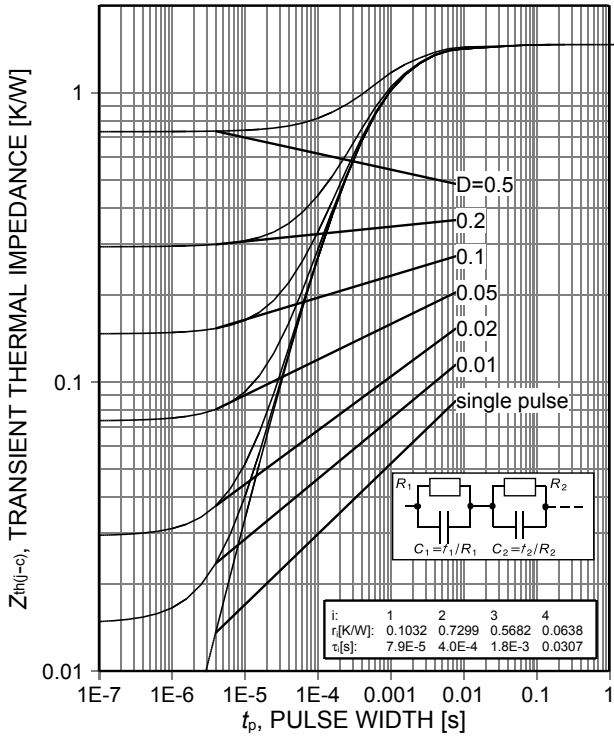


Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ¹⁾ (see page 4) ($D=t_p/T$)

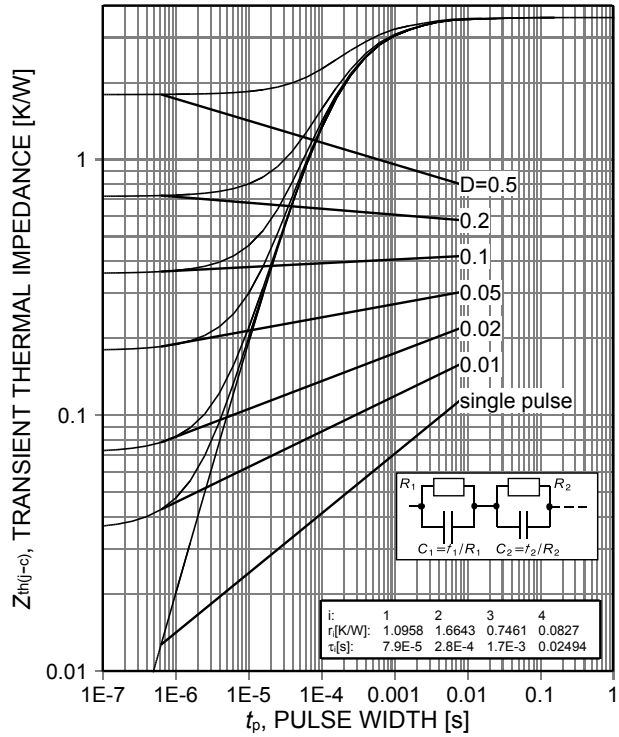


Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ²⁾ (see page 4) ($D=t_p/T$)

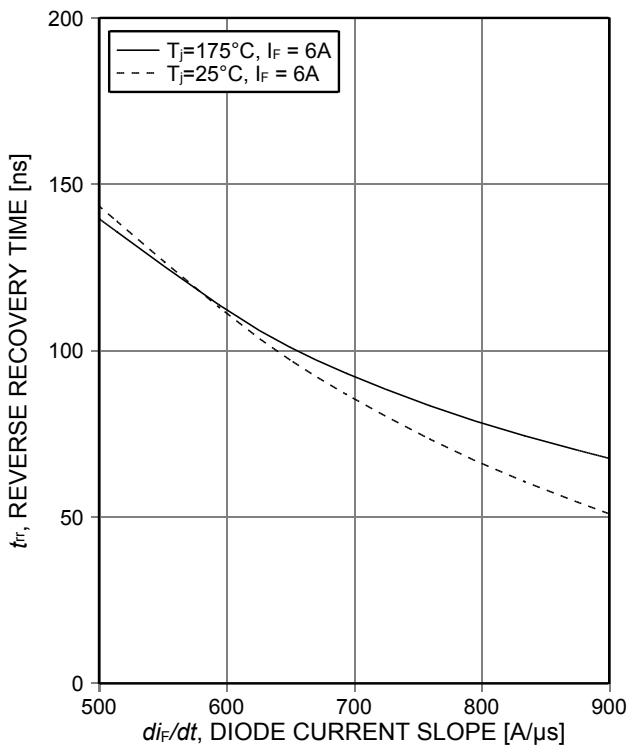


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

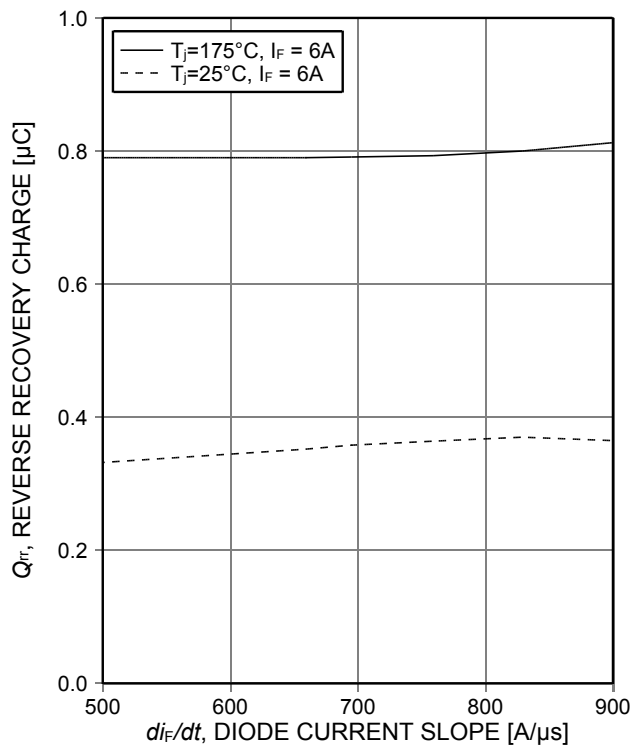


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

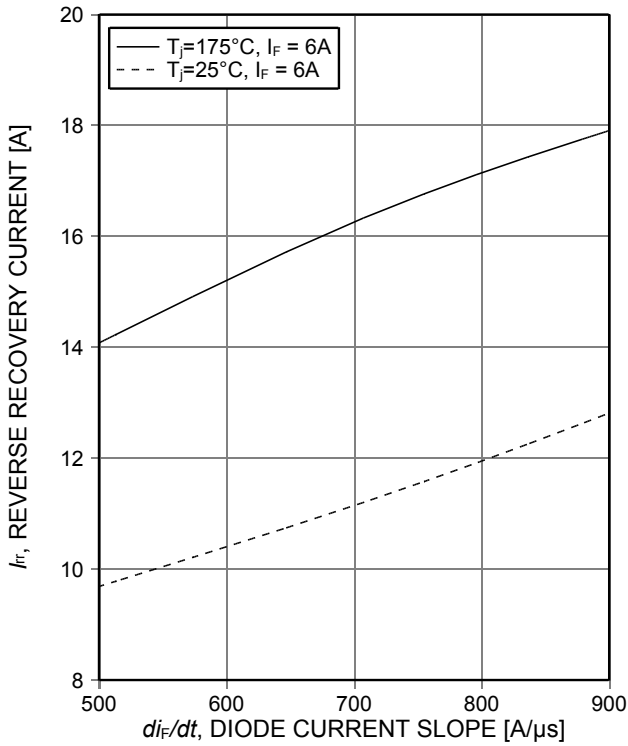


Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

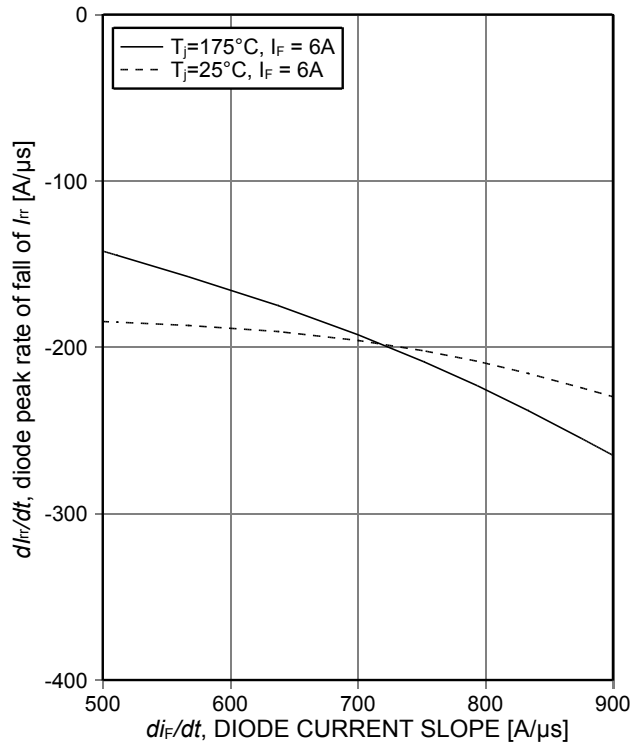


Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

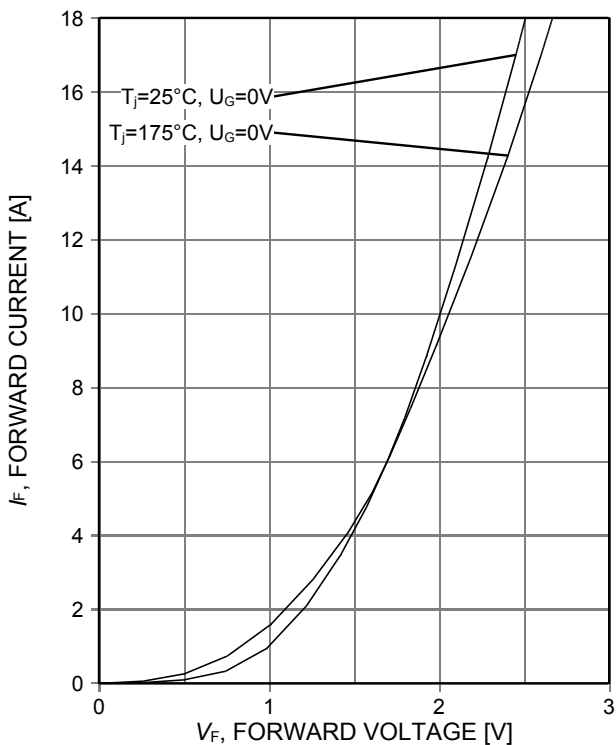


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

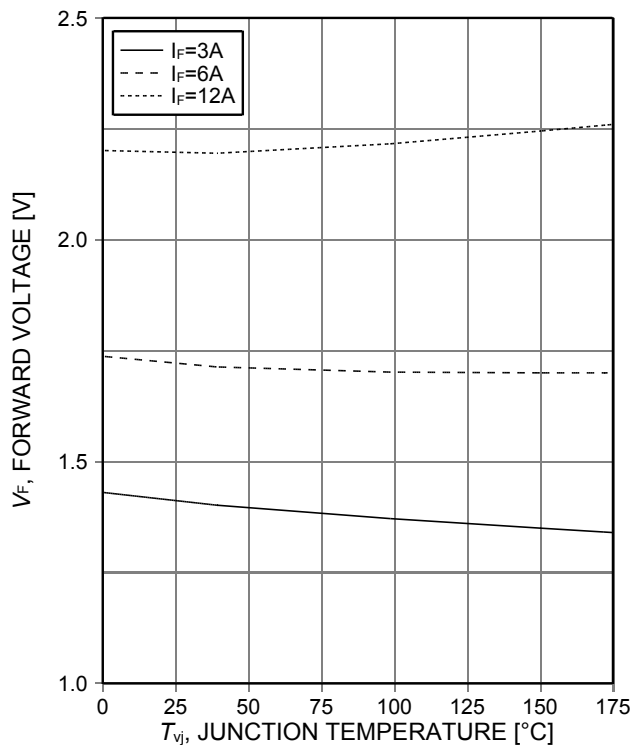
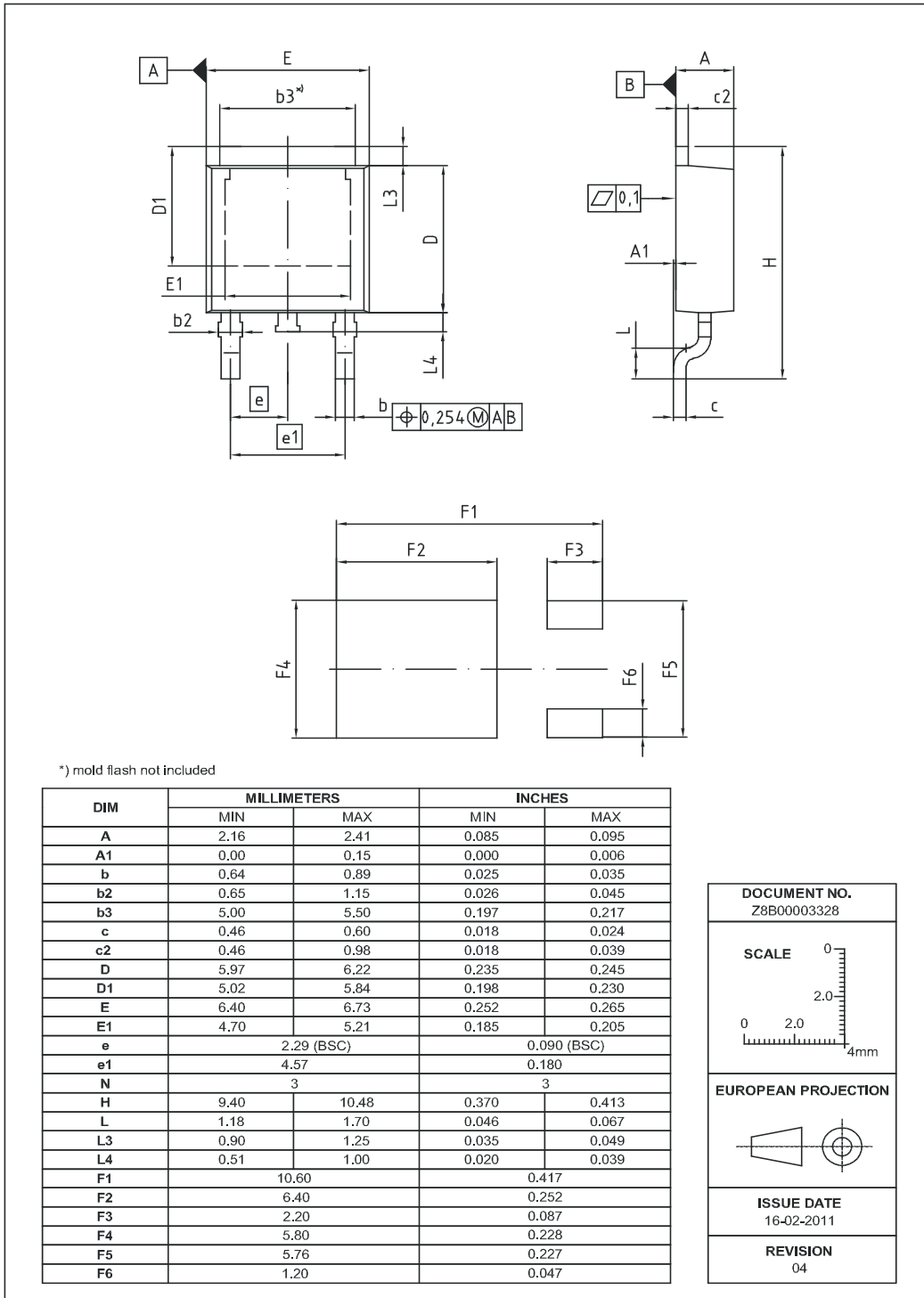


Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

PG-TO252 -3



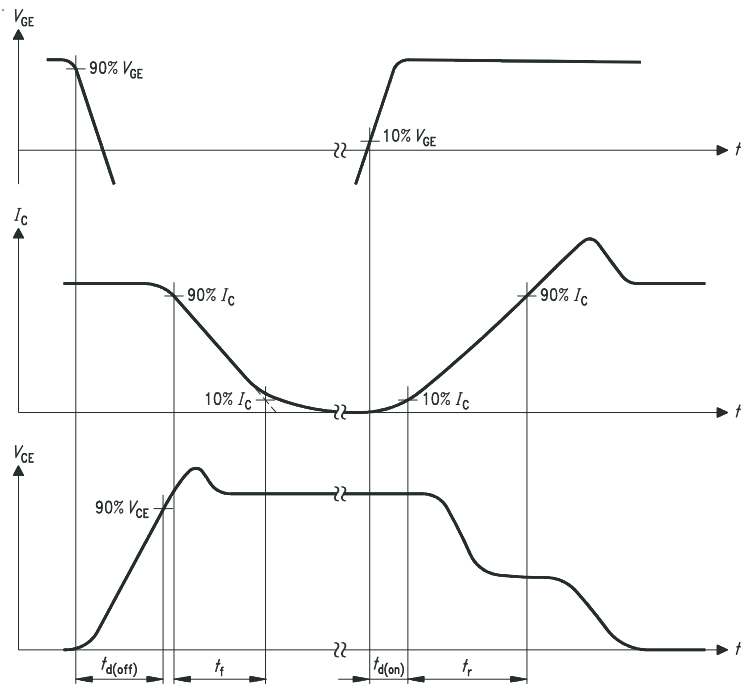


Figure A. Definition of switching times

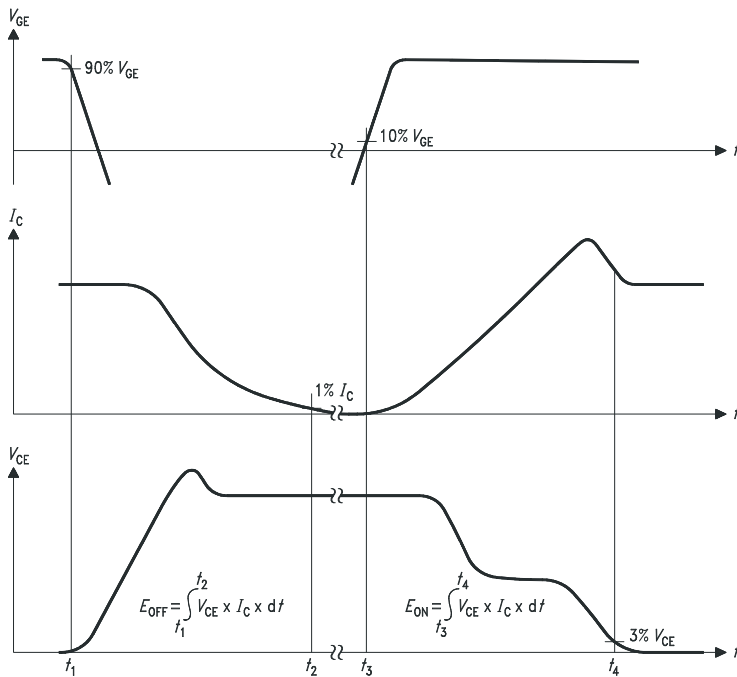


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

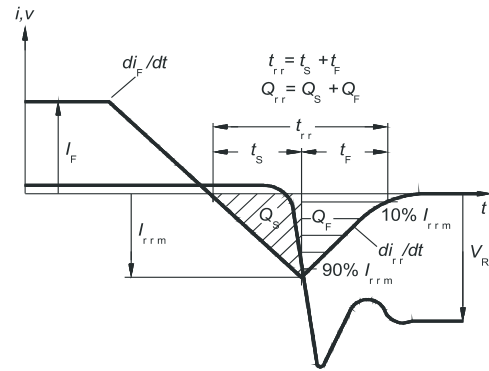


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

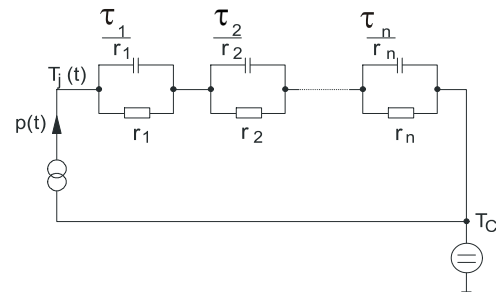


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

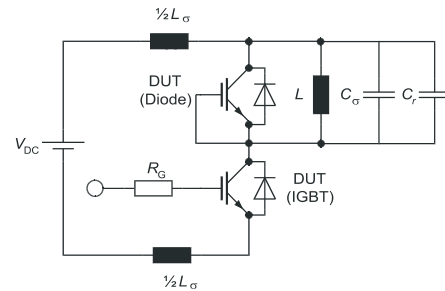


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Parasitic inductance L_σ ,
Parasitic capacitor C_σ ,
Relief capacitor C_r
(only for ZVT switching)

Revision History

IKD06N60RA

Revision: 2012-10-25, Rev. 2.1

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.1	2012-10-25	Final data sheet

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